



Concept of Jigs and Fixture Design – A Review

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Abstract— Jigs and fixtures setup is utilized to decrease the work stack inside the organization. The jigs and installations are the practical approaches to deliver a part in mass. So jigs and fixtures are utilized and fill in as a standout amongst the most vital office of large scale manufacturing framework. These are extraordinary work holding and device controlling gadget. Nature of the execution of a procedure to a great extent affected by the nature of jigs and fixture is utilized for this reason. What makes an fixtures remarkable is that everyone is worked to fits a specific parts or shape. The fundamental motivation behind an installation is to find and in the cases hold a work piece amid an operation.

Index Terms— fixture, accuracy, clamping, productivity.

I. INTRODUCTION

The fixture is a unique device for holding a work piece in appropriate position amid assembling operation. For supporting and clamping the work piece, gadget is given. Visit checking, situating, singular stamping and non-uniform quality in assembling process is wiped out by installation. This expansion profitability and diminish operation time. Installation is generally utilized as a part of the business handy generation as a result of highlight and focal points. To find and immobilize work piece for machining, assessment, get together and different operations fixtures are utilized. An fixture comprises of an arrangement of locators and cinches. Locators are utilized to decide the position and introduction of a workpiece, while clips apply clamping powers with the goal that the workpiece is squeezed solidly against locators. Clamping must be fittingly arranged at the phase of machining installation plan. The plan of an installation is a profoundly mind boggling and natural process, which require learning. Installation configuration assumes a critical part at the setup arranging stage. Legitimate installation configuration is urgent for creating item Quality in various terms of exactness, surface complete and accuracy of the machined parts in existing outline the fixture setup is done physically, so the point of this venture is to supplant with pressure driven fixture to spare time for stacking and emptying of segment. Water driven installation gives the producer to adaptability in holding powers and to streamline plan for machine operation and also process work capacity[1].

II. DEFINITION OF JIGS AND FIXTURE

The installation is an uncommon fixture for holding a work piece in legitimate position amid assembling operation. For supporting and cinching the workpiece, gadget is given. Visit checking, situating, singular stamping and non-uniform quality in assembling process is dispensed with by installation. This expansion efficiency and decrease operation time. Installation is generally utilized as a part of the business down to earth creation in light of highlight and points of interest. To find and immobilize work piece for machining, investigation, get together and different operations installations are utilized. An installation comprises of an arrangement of locators and braces. Locators are utilized to decide the position and introduction

of a workpiece, though cinches apply clipping powers with the goal that the workpiece is squeezed immovably against locators. Cinching must be suitably arranged at the phase of machining installation plan. The plan of an fixture is a very intricate and instinctive process, which require information. Installation configuration assumes an imperative part at the setup arranging stage. Appropriate fixture configuration is pivotal for creating item Quality in various terms of exactness, surface complete and accuracy of the machined parts in existing plan the installation setup is done physically, so the point of this task is to supplant with water powered fixture to spare time for stacking and emptying of segment. Water driven fixture gives the maker to adaptability in holding powers and to streamline outline for machine operation and additionally process work capacity[2].

III. PURPOSE OF JIGS AND FIXTURE

The fundamental motivation behind creating and utilizing reasonable jigs and installations for bunch generation in machine shops are:

- To dispense with checking, punching, situating, arrangements and so on.
- Easy, brisk and reliably exact finding, supporting and clamping the clear in arrangement of the cutting device
- Guidance to the cutting device like penetrate, reamer and so on.
- Increase in profitability and keep up item quality reliably[3].

IV. ADVANTAGE OF USING JIGS AND FIXTURE

The principle elements of jigs or installation are:-

- Gripping a work piece in the foreordained way of solidness and area.
- Holding segments inflexible and forestall development amid working keeping in mind the end goal to grant more noteworthy profitability and part exactness.
- Supporting and finding each segment (part) to guarantee that each is bored or machined inside as far as possible.
- Positioning parts precisely and keep up relationship and arrangement between the instrument and the work piece accurately to perform on the work piece an assembling operation.

V. STEPS OF FIXTURE DESIGN

Successful fixture outlines start with a coherent and orderly arrangement. With a total investigation of the fixtures useful prerequisites, not very many plan issues happen. When they do, odds are some outline prerequisites were overlooked or belittled. The work piece, preparing, tooling and accessible machine fixtures may influence the degree of arranging required. Preparatory examination may take from a couple of hours up to a few days for more convoluted fixture outlines [4].

Fixture configuration is a five stages critical thinking process. The accompanying is a point by point investigation of each progression

Step 1:- Define requirements

To start the installation configuration process, obviously express the issue to be fathomed or should be me. Begin these prerequisites as extensively as could be expected under the circumstances, yet particularly enough to characterize the extent of the plan venture. The creator ought to ask some premise questions: is the new tooling required for first-time generation or to enhance existing generation.

Step 2: Gather/Analyze Information

Gather every single applicable datum and collect it for assessment. The primary sources data is the part print, process sheets, and machine details. Ensure that parts reports and records are present. For instance, check that the shop print is the present correction, and the handling, data is a la mode. Check with the plan office for pending part corrections. A critical piece of the assessment procedure is note taking. Finish, exact notes enable fashioners to record vital data. With these notes, they ought to have the capacity to fill in all things on the "agenda for plan thought". All thoughts, considerations, perceptions, and some other information about the part or fixture are then accessible for later reference. It is constantly better to have an excessive number of thoughts regarding a specific outline than excessively few. Four classifications of outline thought should be considered right now: work piece determinations, operation factors, accessibility of hardware, and faculty. These classes, while independently secured here, are really related. Each is a vital piece of the assessment stage and should be completely thoroughly considered before starting the fixture plan.

Step 3. Develop Several Options

This period of the installation configuration process requires the most imagination. A common work piece can be found and clasped a few distinctive ways. The characteristic propensity is to consider one arrangement, at that point create and refine it while shutting out other, maybe better arrangements. An originator should conceptualize for a few decent tooling options, not simply pick one way immediately. Amid this stage, the architects' objective ought to include choices, not disposing of them. In light of a legitimate concern for economy, elective plan ought to be produced just sufficiently far to ensure they are doable and to do a cost gauge. The outline more often than not begins with no less than three alternatives: lasting,

secluded and broadly useful work holding. Each of these alternatives has many clipping and finding choices of its own. The more standard finding and clipping gadget is that an architect knows about, the more imaginative. Region for finding a section incorporate level outside surface, barrel shaped and bended outside surfaces. The correct system used to develop the preparatory plan draws isn't as essential as the things outlined. For the most part, the preparatory portray should begin should begin with the part to be installation. The required finding and supporting components, including a base, ought to be the following things included. At that point draw the cinching gadgets. At long last, include the machine device and cutting devices. Drawing these things together recognizes any issue region in the plan of the total installation.

Step 4: Choose the Best Option

The aggregate cost to produce a section is the total of per piece run cost, setup cost, and tooling cost. Communicated as an equation:

$$\text{Cost per Part} = \text{Run Cost} + \frac{\text{Setup Cost}}{\text{Lot Size}} + \frac{\text{Tooling Cost}}{\text{Total Quantity Over Tooling Lifetime}}$$

These factors are portrayed underneath with test an incentive from three tooling alternatives: a measured installation, a lasting fixture, and a powerfully controlled perpetual fixture.

Step 5: Implement the Design

The last period of the installation configuration process comprises of transforming the picked configuration approach into reality. Last subtle elements are chosen, last illustrations are made, and the tooling is assembled and tried. The accompanying tooling is manufactured and tried. The accompanying rules ought to be ought to be considered amid the last plan procedure to make the installation less expensive while enhancing its effectiveness. These principles are a blend of useful contemplations, sound plan practices, and presence of mind.

VI. MEANING OF LOCATION

The area alludes to the foundation of a coveted connection between the work piece and the jigs or fixture rightness of area straightforwardly impacts the exactness of the completed item. The jigs and installations are wanted with the goal that every bothersome development of the work piece can be limited. Assurance of the finding focuses and clasping of the workpiece serve to confine development of the segment toward any path, while setting it in a specific pre chosen position in respect to the jig. Before choosing the finding guides it is prudent toward discover the all conceivable level of flexibility of the workpiece. At that point a portion of the degrees of flexibility or every one of them is limited by making appropriate game plans. These plans are called locators[5].

VII. PRINCIPLES OF LOCATIONS

The rule of area is being talked about here with the assistance of a most mainstream case which is accessible in any of the book covering jigs and fixtures. It is critical that

one ought to comprehend the issue first. Any rectangular body may have three hub along x-pivot, y-hub and z-hub. It would more be able to along any of these tomahawks or any of its development can be discharged to these three tomahawks. In the meantime the body can likewise pivot about these tomahawks as well. So add up to level of opportunity of the body along which it can move is six.

For handling the body it is required to restrain all the level of flexibility by organizing reasonable finding focuses and afterward clasping it in a settled and required position. The essential guideline used to find the fact of the matter is depicted underneath. Six focuses area of a rectangular piece. It is made to lay on a few focuses on the jig body. Give a rest to work piece on three focuses on the base x-y surface. This will stop the development along z-hub, pivot as for x-hub and y-hub. Supporting it on the three focuses is considered as better help then one point or two focuses. Rest the work piece on two purposes of side surface (x-z), this will settle the development of work piece along y-hub and turn as for z-pivot. Give a help at one purpose of the nearby surface (y-z) that will settle other staying free developments. This rule of area of settling focuses on the work piece is additionally named as 3-2-1 guideline of fixture configuration as quantities of focuses chose at various appearances of the work piece are 3, 2 and 1 respectively. On the off chance that the operation to be done on the round and hollow question required limitation of the previously mentioned free developments additionally than some all the more finding arrangements should likewise be joined notwithstanding utilization of the vee piece. Guohua Qin [1] concentrates on the installation clasping arrangement.

It comprises of two sections:

- a. Out of the blue he assessed shifting contact power and work piece position blunders in each clasping advance by taking care of a nonlinear numerical programming issue. This is finished by limiting the aggregate reciprocal vitality of the work piece fixture framework. The expectation turns out to be thorough and sensible in the wake of contrasting and test information and referenced outcomes.
- b. The ideal clasping succession is distinguished in light of the diversions of the work piece and least position mistake. At long last, to anticipate the contact powers and to upgrade the clamping succession three illustrations are talked about.

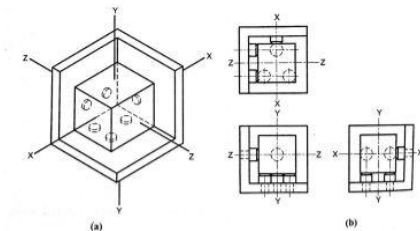


Figure 1: Plan of 3-2-1 installation setup[1].

To start with scientific demonstrating for clamping succession is done, at that point it is decided the contact powers in clasping arrangement as appeared in figure 1 after that the improved of clipping grouping for higher

firmness work piece and low solidness work piece. He found that with the utilization of ideal cinching grouping, great assertions are accomplished between anticipated outcomes and exploratory information and the work piece machining quality can be progressed. For an installation creator, the real bit of planner; the real segment of configuration time is spent to choose how to find the function piece in the fixture. It is realize that any free body has a sum of twelve level of opportunity as underneath: 6 translational level of flexibility: +X, - X, +Y, - Y, +Z, - Z and 6 rotational level of opportunity:

- Clockwise around X hub (CROT-X)
- Anticlockwise around hub (ACROT-X)
- Clockwise around Y hub (CROT-Y)
- Anticlockwise around Y hub (ACROT-Y)
- Clockwise around Z hub (CROT-Z)
- Anticlockwise around Z hub (ACROT-Z)

It should settle all the 12 level of opportunity with the exception of the three transitional level of flexibility (- X,- Y and - Z) keeping in mind the end goal to find the work piece in the installation. Thus, 9 degrees of flexibility of the work piece should be settled. It may be utilizing by the 3-2-1 strategy. Presently, rest the work piece at two purposes of side surface (XZ), and you will have the capacity to settle the +Y and ACROT-Z degrees of flexibility. Presently, rest the work piece at one purpose of the neighboring surface (YZ), and we will ready to settle the +X, and CROT-Z level of opportunity. Thus, we effectively focus 9 required degrees of flexibility by utilizing the 3-2-1 standard of installation outline.

Nicholas Amaral [5] build up a technique for demonstrating work piece limit conditions and connected burdens amid a machining procedure, upgrade bolster areas, utilizing limited component examination (FEA) and investigations measured fixture instrument contact region twisting. The work piece limit conditions are characterized by locators and clips. To compel utilizing direct spring-hole components the locators are set in a 3-2-1 fixture design and demonstrated utilizing all level of opportunity of the work piece. To demonstrate cutting powers amid boring and processing machining operations, the work piece is stacked. Fixture plan respectability is checked to build up a calculation to naturally upgrade installation support and cinch areas.

To limit twisting in work piece, along these lines expanding machining precision ANSYS parametric plan dialect code is utilized. Pointless and uneconomical "experimentation" experimentation on the shop floor is disposed of by actualizing. Finding blunder and machining mistake were examined by orderly strategy for mistake were contemplated by precise technique for mistake recognizable proof and estimation, Using limited component investigation (FEA). The machining blunder, the surface mistake produced from machining operations by Y. Wang [6]

VIII. CLAMPING

J. Cecil [4] to control the workpiece totally a cinching gadget is required notwithstanding finding gadget and jigs

and fixtures. A clipping gadget holds the workpiece safely in a jigs or installation against the powers connected over it amid on operation. Clipping gadget ought to be consolidated into the fixture, legitimate cinch in an installation specifically impact the precision and nature of the work done and creation process duration. Fundamental necessity of a decent cinching gadget is recorded beneath:

- a. It ought to inflexibly hold the work piece.
- b. The work piece being braced ought not be harmed because of use of clipping weight by the clasp unit.
- c. The clasp weight ought to be sufficient to conquer the working weight activity the work piece in inverse ways.
- d. Clipping gadget ought to be proficient to be unaffected by the vibrations created amid an operation.
- e. It ought to likewise be easy to understand, similar to its clasp and discharging ought to be simple and less tedious. Its support ought to likewise be simple.
- f. Clipping weight ought to be coordinated towards the help surfaces or bolster focuses to keep undesired lifting of work piece from its backings.
- g. Cinching countenances ought to be solidified by appropriate treatment to limit their wearing out.
- h. To deal with the work piece made of delicate material the characteristics of clipping unit ought to be furnished with fiber cushions to maintain a strategic distance from any harm to work piece.

J. Cecil [4] proposed an inventive clasp configuration approach is depicted with regards to fixture plan exercises. The cinching configuration approach includes ID of clasp surface and brace focuses on a given workpiece. This approach can be connected in conjunction with a locator configuration way to deal with hold and bolster the workpiece amid machining and to position the workpiece effectively as for the cutting instrument. Nitty gritty advance are given for mechanized cinch outline. Geometric thinking procedures are utilized to decide doable clasp faces and positions. The required information sources incorporate CAD demonstrate details, highlights recognized on the completed workpiece, locator focuses and components.

IX. DESIGN CONSIDERATION IN FIXTURE

- a. The primary casing of installation must be sufficiently solid with the goal that diversion of the fixture is as least as would be prudent. This redirection of fixture is caused as a result of powers of cutting, clamping to the machine table. The principle edge of installation ought to have the mass to counteract vibration and prattle.
- b. Edge might be worked from basic areas so edges might be affixed with screw or welded at whatever point vital. Those parts of the edge that remain for all time with the installation might be welded. Those parts that need visit changing are finished with the screws. In the circumstance, where the assemblage of installation has complex shape, it needs to cast from decent evaluation of cast press.
- c. Clamping ought to be sufficiently quick and require minimum measure of exertion.

- d. Braces ought to be orchestrated with the goal that they are promptly accessible and might be effectively evacuated.
- e. Cinching ought to be upheld with springs so braces are held against the jolt head at whatever point conceivable.
- f. On the off chance that the cinch is to swing of the work, it ought to be allowed to swing similarly as it so essential for expulsion of the workpiece.
- g. Every one of locator's cinches ought to be effortlessly noticeable to the administrator and effectively available for clasp, situating or fixing.
- h. Arrangement ought to be made for simple transfer of chip so stockpiling of chips doesn't meddle with the cutting procedure.
- i. All clips and bolster indicates that need be balanced with a torque ought to be of same size. All cinch and movable help focuses ought to be equipped for being worked from the fronts of the fixture.

The essential of installation outline robotization is stressed by Djordje Vukelic [2]. General structure of the robotized plan framework appeared in figure 2 with a feature on the installation outline framework and their primary attributes.

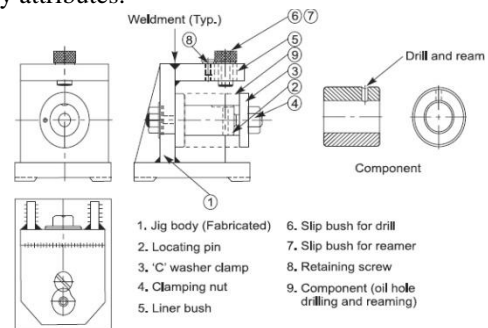


Figure 2: Format of working [2]

It additionally demonstrates a structure and part of yield consequences of the mechanized particular fixture plan framework. The master frameworks have been for the most part utilized for the age of fractional fixture arrangements, i.e., for the determination of finding and clipping components.

Shrinkant [7] talked about different outline and examination strategy with regards to enhance the life of fixture; diverse installation geometries are analyzed tentatively and are chosen. The proposed whimsical shaft fixture will satisfied analyst generation target and upgraded the effectiveness, installation lessens operation time and expands efficiency, high caliber of operation.

Weifang Chen [3] built up a multi-objective model was set up to expand the appropriating consistency of disfigurement and to lessen the level of distortion. The distortion is dissected by upgrading the limited component technique. To settle the streamlining model a hereditary calculation was produced. A tasteful outcome was produced. An attractive outcome was gotten by delineating a case, which is better than the experiential one.

The multi-objective model can decrease the machining distortion successfully and enhance the appropriation condition. Clasp power improvement technique in view of the GA and FEM. The improvement technique is multi-

objective: limiting the greatest miss-happening of the machined surfaces and augmenting the consistency of the distortion. The ANSYS programming bundle has been utilized for FEM computation of wellness esteems. The mix of GA and FEM is ended up being a capable approach for installation plan improvement issues. In this examination, both grating impacts and chip expulsion impacts are considered. A database is set up to lessen the calculation time, for the chromosomes and wellness esteems, and the fit work piece FEA show is over and again utilized as a part of the enhancement procedure.

Figure 3 demonstrates the current CAD model of fixture which is utilized for machining of water powered lift lodging. In this fixture clamping is done physically so there is additional time misfortune for stacking and emptying operation. To evade this issue there is need to grow new outline to enhance the profitability.



Figure 3: CAD model of complete fixture assembly

X. WATER DRIVEN CLAMPING

Water driven clamping is activated by barrels. Clamping installations basically comprises of clamping nut which is appended to barrel slam. A pressurized liquid pulls slam and clips against work piece. Unclamping, port associated with unpressurized release line. For clipping and unclamping we utilize three way heading control valve, lever and pedal.

A. Numerous Clamping

Single course control valve can activate number of clasps through number of chambers to weight or release lines, clamping weight or release lines. Clipping weight is shifted by managing weight of liquid. High weight overwhelming roughing cut low weight light complete cut. A danger of sudden weight drop in occasion of energy disappointment can be countered by arrangement of non-return valve in weight supply line.

B. Air Helped Pressure Driven Work Holding

It is isolated into three gatherings of parts. To start with gathering of segment, the shop air framework (6-12bar) gives control, as pneumatic weight. Shop air (pressurized air) framework comprises of air bay, channel/general/lubricator gadget, and the security valve/discharge valve. The second gathering of parts is water powered blowhard comprises of supporter, check valve and complex. The last gathering is clamping framework hold, position and bolster work piece.

Shop air is quite recently utilized for boosting, extra electric supporter and water driven pump are utilized to air-worked promoter framework. Water driven pump is

utilized for expansive applications. Aggregator is introduced amongst cinches and control source which keep up the fundamental weight when control is disengaged.

XI. CONCLUSION

The effectiveness and unwavering quality of the installation configuration has upgraded by the framework and the consequence of the fixture configuration has made more sensible. To decrease process duration required for stacking and emptying of part, this approach is valuable. In the event that advanced CAE, CAD are utilized as a part of outlining the frameworks then noteworthy change can be guaranteed. To satisfy the multifunctional and elite fixturing prerequisites ideal outline approach can be utilized to give extensive investigations and decide a general ideal plan. Fixture design and dynamic clipping powers improvement strategy in light of ideal installation format could limit the twisting and uniform the distortion generally viably. The purposed installation will satisfied specialist creation target and upgraded the proficiency, water powered fixture diminishes operation time and expands profitability, high caliber of operation, lessen mischances.

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